

CLUBHOUSE



DESIGN PRINCIPLES

These areas will be irrigated and enhanced by predominantly native species and accented by select exotics. Turf can also be used in these areas. Consistent with the surrounding natural landscape and the removed, more rural feel of the site, the "Country Garden" theme is appropriate here. Planting design should be simple yet sophisticated, and complement the rusticated walls, pavements and other materials of the built environment.

PLANTS

Trees

Washingtonia filifera
Cupressus sempervirens
Phoenix camarensis
Phoenix dactylifera
Citrus

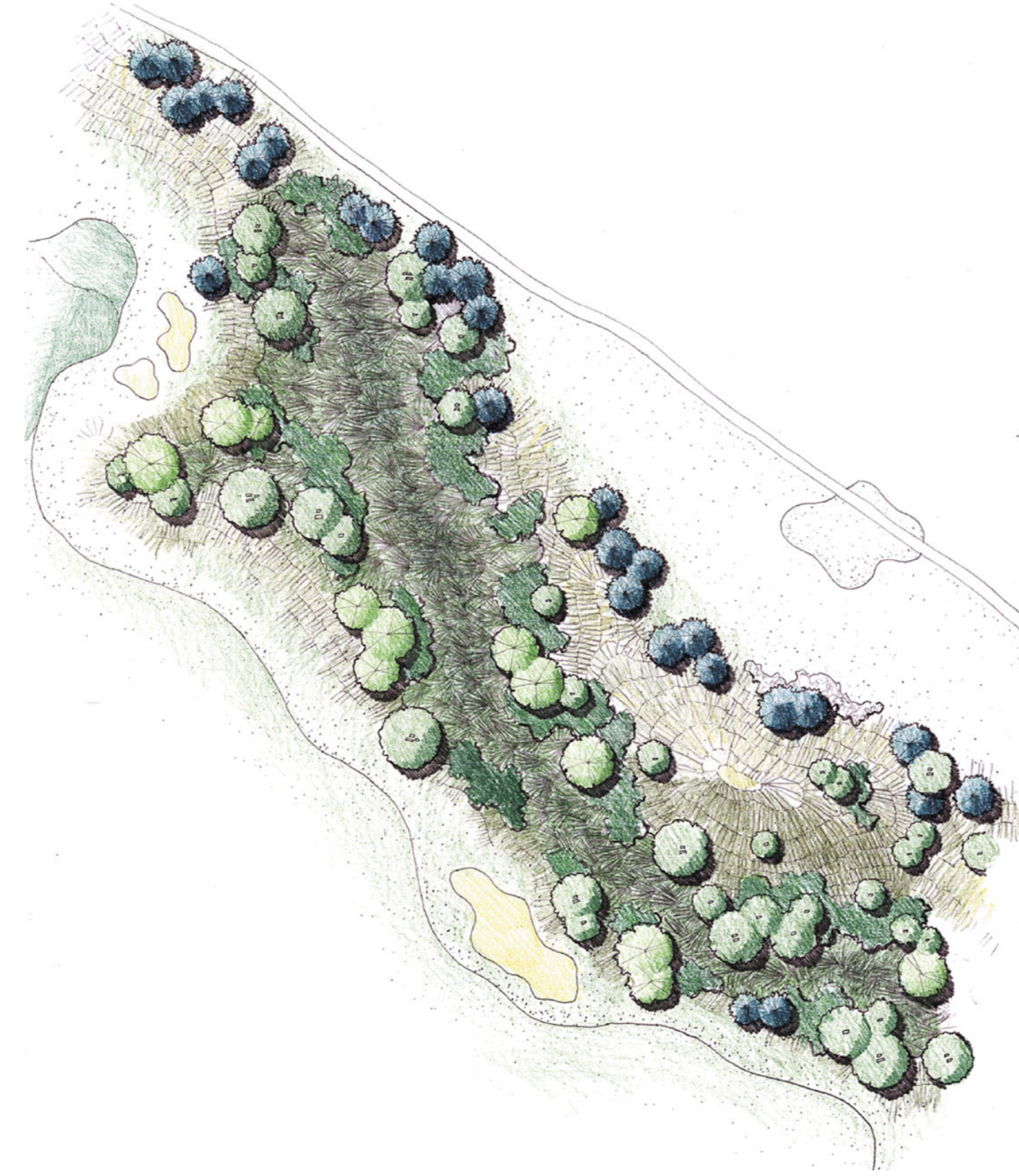


Shrubs

Ceanothus
Choisya ternata
Loropetalum chinense
Osmanthus burkwoodii
Sarcococca humilis
Viburnum
Arbutus unedo
Wisteria
Bougainvillea glabra
Magnolia grandiflora
Buxus sempervirens
Cameliajaponica
Clematis
Viburnum plicatam



RIPARIAN



DESIGN PRINCIPLES

The term riparian applies to all wetland and other low-lying areas. Here water tolerant plants occupy the low areas while more drought tolerant plants climb the surrounding hillsides. The ratio of planting for a given area is as follows: 30% trees, 30% shrubs, and 40% sedges and rushes.

PLANTS

Trees

Populus nigra
Populus alba
Taxodium distichum



Shrubs/Perennials

Nerium oleander
Salix salvifolia australis
Tamarax Africana
Myrtus communis
Pistacia lentiscus
Phlomis purpurea
Cyperus Alternifolius
Cyperus Papyrus
Irispsuedocorus
Ninphae sp.
Sedges and Rushes



ARID



DESIGN PRINCIPLES

The plant palette for the arid areas utilizes plants already existing on site complemented by a few additional plants also native to the area. These plants can survive on minimal amounts of water. The ratio of planting for a given area is as follows: 15% trees, 25% shrubs, and 60% grasses and perennials.

PLANTS

Trees

Amygdalus communis
Arbutus unedo
Ceratonia siliqua
Ficus carica
Olea Europaea
Pinus halepensis
Pinus pinea
Pumica granatum
Quercus rotundifolia
Quercus suber



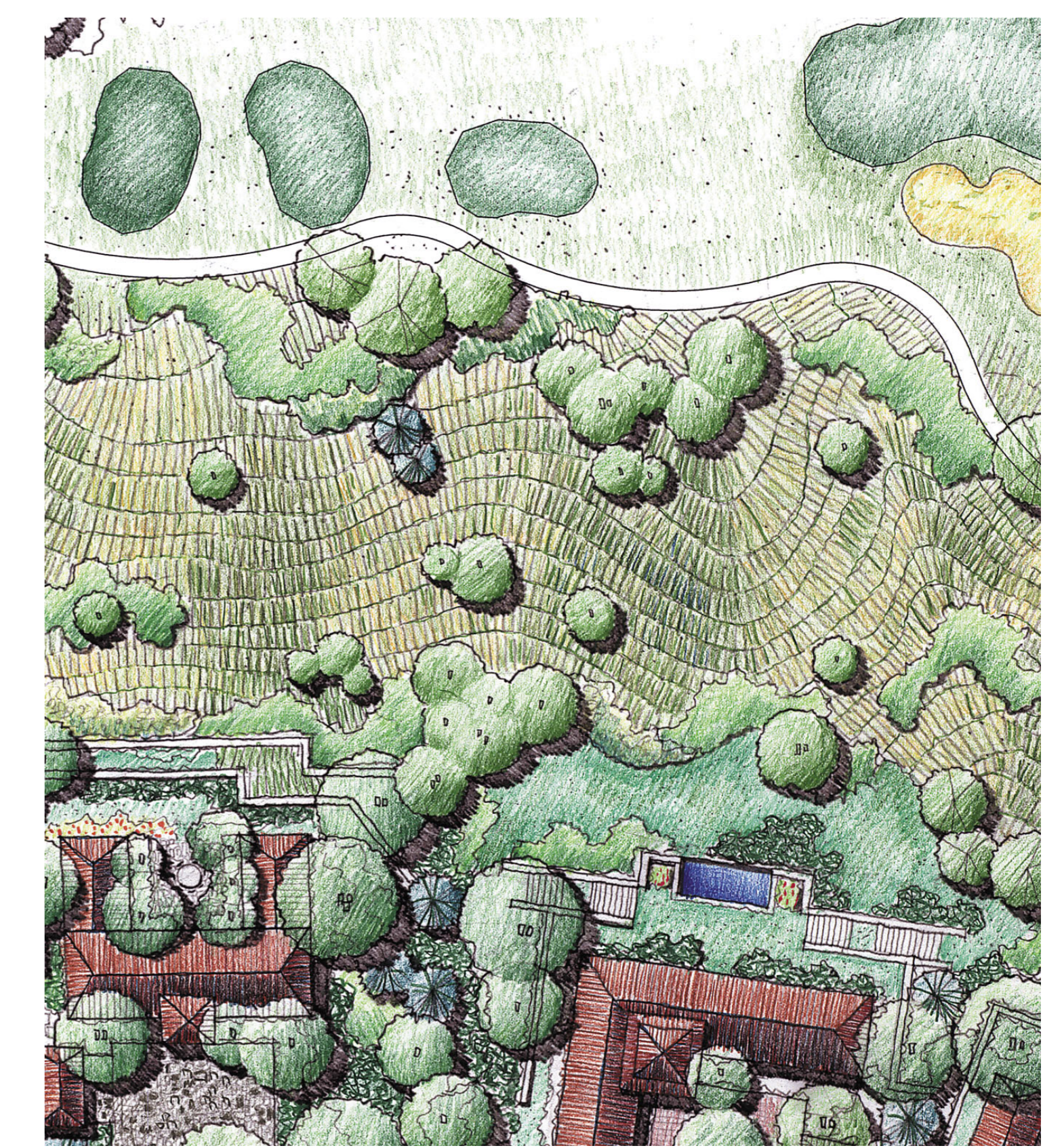
Shrubs

Chamaerops humilis
Cistus ladanifer
Cistus monospecimens
Coronilla valentine
Corydthymus capitatus
Ditrichia viscoso revolute
Genista hirsute
Helichrysum stoechas
Lavandula lusieri
Medicago arborea
Nerium oleander
Olea europa sylvestris
Phagnalon saxatile
Phlomis purpurea
Pistacia lentiscus

Plumbago capensis
Retama monosperma
Rosmarinus officinalis
Ruta montana
Salix salvifolia
Salvia officinalis
Spartium junceum
Tamarax Africana
Thymus mastichina
Viburnum tinus
Vitex agnus castus



TRANSITION



DESIGN PRINCIPLES

The plant palette is similar to that of the arid plant palette, but the density of shrubs and trees is greater. The ratio of planting for a given area is as follows: 35% trees, 25% shrubs, and 40% grasses and perennials.

PLANTS

Trees

Arbutus unedo
Eucalyptus erytrocoris
Grevillea robuta
Jacaranda mimosifolia
Pinus halepensis
Pinus pinea



Shrubs

Abelia grandiflora
Carparris spinosa
Cistus crispus
Cistus ladanifer
Cistus monospecimens
Coronilla valentine
Hebe speciosa
Lantana montevidensis
Lavandula dentate
Lavandula officinalis
Medicago arborea
Pittosporum tobira
Plumbago capensis
Rosmarinus officinalis
Salvia officinalis
Spartium junceum
Viburnum tinus



MONTE REI
VILA NOVA ECACELA
Landscape Framework Plan
Plant Palette

Prepared for:
Aliber
Prepared by:
EDAW